

MATERIA: INGLÉS

INSTRUCCIONES:

- 1) - El examen se hará en las hojas que se entregan a tal efecto, **no en este documento** impreso.
- 2) - No hay que volver a copiar las preguntas. Solamente poner el número y/o la letra, y contestar.
- 3) - Se puede responder en el orden que se quiera.
- 4) - En la pregunta 1, además de contestar TRUE o FALSE, es obligatorio aportar la prueba del texto. Esto es, copiar literalmente la línea o partes del texto que justifican la respuesta.
- 5) - En la pregunta 4 hay que volver a escribir las 4 oraciones, ordenadas y completas. No se trata de numerar o señalar con flechas.
- 6) - En la pregunta 5 sólo se contestará una opción. Si se elige la B, hay que trazar un gráfico como el que aparece al pie de la pregunta y rellenarlo convenientemente.

Read the following text and answer the questions below.

	<p style="text-align: center;">Leap day: ‘I’m 28, but I’ve only had seven birthdays’</p> <p><i>What is it like to only be able to celebrate your birthday once every four years? Far from missing out, many so-called “leaplings” say there is something special about being one of the rare people born on 29 February.</i></p>
5	<p>Julia Alsop will <u>blow out</u> seven candles on her birthday cake this year - she is going to be 28. When she tells people she will be celebrating her seventh birthday in 2024, she says they look at her as if to say: “What are you talking about?” And then it clicks.</p> <p>Julia, a medical student from Warwickshire, is a leapling. She was born on 29 February, an elusive day that appears once every four years in a <u>leap year</u> - so she's only had seven birthdays on her actual day in her lifetime.</p> <p>Leaplings are rare. There is only a one in 1,461 chance of being born on 29 February.</p>
10	<p>Julia loves that her birthday is different, and this year she is looking forward to opening her seventh birthday cards on her actual big day. In a non-leap year, when she has no official day to celebrate on, she plans a week of festivities instead.</p>
15	<p>Being a leapling does feel special because it is so unusual, says Jane Atkin, a primary school teacher from London. A few years ago, when it was her eighth and ninth leap year birthdays, the 10 and 11 years olds in her class thought it was very funny that they were older than their teacher, she remembers.</p>
20	<p>Author, Patience Agbabi, has written a series of children's fictional books about a young leapling who possesses the special gift of being able <u>to leap</u> through time. Jane says she contacted Patience on social media ahead of attending a book reading and signing with the author. “She replied to me,” says Jane, “and said, ‘I’m so excited that you’re coming. Normally when I give a talk about my books, I ask if there are any leaplings, and there never are’.”</p>
25	<p>When she was younger, Jane's mother chose to mark her daughter's non-leap year birthdays on 28 February. But as she got older, Jane began to also celebrate on 1 March - because “why not?” she adds. “Facebook, for example, gets confused and tells people that my birthday is on both days,” says Jane. “It doesn't really know where to place me. So, then I get messages from friends and relatives on both days because people don't really know which day I'm celebrating on.”</p>

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Rather than missing out on birthdays, she wants more people to know leaplings get double the opportunity to celebrate - and that being in this special club is “a gift”.

Adapted from *BBC News*, 29 February 2024

GLOSSARY

Line 3: *blow out* = *apagar*

Line 7: *leap year* = *año bisiesto*

Line 17: *to leap* = *saltar*

1.- Say whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE according to the text. Copy the evidence from the text. (1 point)

- a) – When Julia tells people she is going to celebrate her seventh birthday, they don't understand what she means.
- b) – When it is a leap year, Jane follows her mother's tradition of celebrating her birthday on the 28th February.

2.- Based on the text, answer the following questions using your own words as far as possible. (2 points)

- a) – What did Jane Atkins' class think was very amusing?
- b) – Why was Patience Agbabi excited that Jane was planning to go to her book presentation?

3.- Choose the correct answer. (2 points)

1) – I need to buy newspaper, a bottle of milk and vegetables, but I haven't got money with me.

A – a / any / the / any

B – / some / some / any

C – / / any / some

D – a / / some / any

2) – Look, he coffee for breakfast. What a surprise! He never coffee for breakfast, he usually tea.

A – is having / has / has

B – is having / have / have

C – has / is having / is having

D – has / has / has

3) – After I my homework, I for a walk in the park and there I my friends.

A – had finished / went / met

B – finishing / went / met

C – finished / had gone / had met

D – had finished / had gone / had met

4) – I lunch for more than two hours, but I the cake

A – have cooked / didn't make / just

B – have been cooking / haven't made / yet

C – have been cooking / haven't been making / already

D – cooked / didn't make / yet

5) – Emily and I are going France autumn. We are flying Paris 25th October. The flight is 3 o'clock the morning!

A – to / at / in / on / at / on

B – in / in / at / the / on / on

C – to / in / to / on / at / in

D – to / at / to / at / at / at

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6) – I in Spain more than two years, but I paella. region is better for paella - Valencia or Malaga?

- A** – have been living / since / never have / Which
B – have lived / for / never had / What
C – lived / since / have never had / What
D – have been living / for / have never had / Which

7) – My grandmother..... for only four years when my grandfather..... At that time, my dad only two years old.

- A** – was married / died / had
B – had been married/ died / was
C – has been married / death / was
D – had been married/ dead / had

8) – Our hotel was than all the others in the town, but it was also the one.

- A** – cheapest / more uncomfortable
B – more cheaper / most uncomfortable
C – cheaper / uncomfortablest
D – cheaper / most uncomfortable

9) – The train at 11:15. Let's hurry up,?

- A** – is leaving / shall we
B – is going to leave / will we
C – left/ shall we
D – is leaving / is it

10) – She dinner if you to the supermarket first. You to hurry up before it closes.

- A** – won't cook / don't go / ought
B – won't cook / aren't going / ought
C – won't cook / not go / should
D – won't cook / don't to go / should

4.- Match both columns to make FOUR grammatically correct and meaningful sentences. (2 points)

She went back inside the house because	working late hours and not getting any extra money.
They say they are tired of	the concert had already finished.
Despite the uncomfortable bed,	she had forgotten her car keys.
By the time my friends got there,	he managed to sleep a little.

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5.- A - Write a composition of about 100 words beginning with:

When I was about 16 years old, ... (3 points)

Or

B - Read the following sentences and put them in order to make a paragraph about Sinéad O'Connor's biography. (3 points)

A.- Although O'Connor hated the reform school, it was there that she made her first contacts with the world of music. A teacher introduced her to the drummer of a local band, *In Tua Nua*.

B.- In 2018 O'Connor announced that she had converted to Islam and changed her name to Shuhadā' Sadaqat, although she stated that she would continue to perform as Sinéad O'Connor.

C.- One day, while performing in Dublin, she caught the attention of the record company Ensign Records. She soon became an international star, especially thanks to the phenomenal success of her song "Nothing Compares 2 U."

D.- O'Connor was found dead inside her London home on July 26, 2023, aged 56. She will be remembered for her powerful voice and for her controversial actions and statements.

E.- Irish singer-songwriter Sinéad O'Connor, known for her iconic shaved head, was born on 8 December 1966 in Dublin. In her memoir *Rememberings* (2021), she writes about her difficult childhood.

F.- O'Connor worked with the band and even co-wrote their hit song "Take My Hand." She often escaped the school to sing with them and play the guitar on the streets of Dublin and in pubs.

G.- Her parents divorced when she was eight years old and she went to live with her mother who regularly beat her and taught her to steal from shops. At the age of fifteen, she was sent to reform school after being caught shoplifting.

Orden	1ª	2ª	3ª	4ª	5ª	6ª	7ª
Letra							